

HSK 1 Vocabulary Flashcards

Left: Aligned tone marks & pinyin · Right: Standard POS & definitions.

300 HEADWORDS

#1

爱
ài

[v.] To protect and care for someone with deep heartfelt affection; To love, cherish, or enjoy doing something

#2

八
bā

[num.] Two strokes parting to denote the number eight; Eight

#3

爸爸
bà ba

[n.] father; dad

#4

吧
ba

[part.] A mouth-sound particle built from 口 plus phonetic 巴 to soften a spoken utterance; Sentence-final modal particle for suggestions, requests, agreement, or uncertainty

#5

白天
bái tiān

[n.] daytime; day

#6

百
bǎi

[num.] A full count of ten tens, marked by adding one stroke to 白; One hundred

#7

半
bàn

[num.] Half, semi-, midway, or partial.

#8

包子
bāo zi

[n.] steamed stuffed bun; baozi

#9

杯子
bēi zi

[n.] cup; glass; mug

#10

本
běn

[m.] The root of a tree or plant, the base from which stems grow; Measure word for bound volumes such as books, periodicals, notebooks, and files

#11

边
biān

[n., suff.] The edge or border of a territory or object; Side, direction, place, or aspect

#12

病
bìng

[n., v.] A sick person lying in a bed (广), showing illness or disease; Illness, sickness, disease

#13

不
bù

[adv.] Negation of an action, quality, or state; Not

#14

不客气
bú kè qi

you're welcome; don't mention it

#15

不要
bú yào

[adv.] don't; do not

#16

菜
cài

[n.] Edible green plants gathered or plucked from the ground; Vegetables, dishes, cuisine, or food in general

#17

茶
chá

[n.] The bitter leaves of the Camellia sinensis plant steeped in hot water as a drink; Tea, tea leaves, the brewed beverage, or things related to tea

#18

唱
chàng

[v.] To lead a melody or chant aloud for others to follow; To sing songs, chant, or perform a tune with the voice

#19

超市
chāo shì

[n.] supermarket

#20

车
chē

[n.] A wheeled cart or chariot used to carry goods, people, or soldiers; Any wheeled vehicle such as a car, bus, train, or cart

#21 吃 chī [v.] To take food into the mouth, chew, and swallow; To eat, absorb, take in, or endure something (losses, hardship, surprise)	#22 出租车 chū zū chē [n.] taxi; cab
#23 穿 chuān [v.] To pierce through or bore a hole with a sharp point; To wear or put on clothes	#24 打电话 dǎ diàn huà to make a phone call
#25 大 dà [adj.] A person with arms and legs spread wide, taking up the largest possible space; Big, large, great, major	#26 大家 dà jiā [pron.] everyone; everybody
#27 大学 dà xué [n.] university; college	#28 大学生 dà xué shēng [n.] university student; college student
#29 到 dào [v.] To arrive at a place after traveling or moving toward it; To reach a destination, time, or extent	#30 的 de [part.] A mark of clarity aiming at the exact noun a modifier applies to; The ubiquitous possessive or descriptive particle meaning 's or "of"
#31 第 dì [pref.] Bamboo slips bound in sequence, marking order and rank; Prefix placed before numbers to make ordinals: first, second, third	#32 弟弟 dì dì [n.] younger brother
#33 点 diǎn [m.] A precise point or dot marking one position on a scale or dial; O'clock	#34 店 diàn [n.] A roofed building or stall where merchants sell goods or offer lodging to travelers; A shop, store, outlet, or inn
#35 电话 diàn huà [n.] telephone; phone call	#36 电脑 diàn nǎo [n.] computer
#37 电视 diàn shì [n.] television; TV	#38 电影 diàn yǐng [n.] movie; film
#39 电影院 diàn yǐng yuàn [n.] cinema; movie theater	#40 东西 dōng xi [n.] thing; object; stuff
#41 都 dōu [adv.] A walled capital where people and goods all gather together; All	#42 读 dú [v.] To voice written texts aloud, reciting each word for study; To read, read aloud, study, or pronounce a character

#43

读书
dú shū

[v.] to read a book; to study; to attend school

#44

对
duì

[adj., prep.] Matched face-to-face and measured to be exactly fitting; Correct, right

#45

对不起
duì bu qǐ

[v.] to be sorry; to let someone down

#46

多
duō

[adj., v., pron.] Two stacked pieces of meat representing abundance and a large quantity; Many, much, more

#47

多少
duō shao

[pron.] how many; how much

#48

儿子
ér zi

[n.] son

#49

二
èr

[num.] Two parallel strokes representing the number two; Two

#50

饭
fàn

[n.] Cooked grains, especially steamed rice, as the staple food; Rice, a meal, or food in general

#51

饭店
fàn diàn

[n.] restaurant; hotel

#52

房间
fáng jiān

[n.] room

#53

非常
fēi cháng

[adv.] very; extremely; highly

#54

飞机
fēi jī

[n.] airplane; aircraft

#55

分
fēn

[m.] A small slice cut from a whole, originally one-tenth of a base unit; A minute of time

#56

分钟
fēn zhōng

[m.] minute (unit of time)

#57

高兴
gāo xìng

[adj.] happy; glad; pleased

#58

歌
gē

[n.] A vocal tune produced through rhythmic chanting and exhaled breath; Song, tune, or melody

#59

哥哥
gē ge

[n.] older brother; elder brother

#60

个
gè

[m.] A single bamboo stalk or sliver split off as one countable unit; The default measure word for people, objects, and concepts

#61

给
gěi

[v.] To join silk threads together so as to supply or equip someone; To give, hand over, offer, or let someone have or benefit from something

#62

公司
gōng sī

[n.] company; corporation

#63

工作
gōng zuò

[v., n.] to work; job; task

#64

狗
gǒu

[n.] A young dog or whelp, distinct from an adult hound; Any dog

#65

贵
guì

[adj.] Priced high in cowrie-shell currency (贝);
Expensive, precious, noble, or highly esteemed

#66

国
guó

[n.] A walled territory or city-state with defined borders; Country, nation, or state

#67

还
hái

[adv.] A path turning back to its starting point, repeating the same course; Still

#68

孩子
hái zi

[n.] child; kid

#69

汉语
Hàn yǔ

[n.] Chinese language; Mandarin

#70

汉字
Hàn zì

[n.] Chinese characters

#71

好
hǎo

[adj.] Beautiful and good; a woman with a child was seen as a blessing and virtue

#72

好吃
hǎo chī

[adj.] delicious; tasty

#73

好看
hǎo kàn

[adj.] good-looking; attractive; interesting to watch

#74

好听
hǎo tīng

[adj.] pleasant to hear; nice-sounding

#75

好玩儿
hǎo wán r

[adj.] fun; interesting; amusing

#76

号
hào

[n., m.] A name or mark called out to identify and distinguish a person or thing; Number, date (day of the month), size, issue

#77

喝
hē

[v.] To open the mouth and take liquid into the body; To drink water, tea, alcohol, soup, or other liquids

#78

和
hé

[prep., conj.] Harmonious accord between separate sounds or people; And

#79

很
hěn

[adv.] To disobey or move with stubborn difficulty; Very

#80

后
hòu

[n.] The space or position behind someone or something; the rear side

#81

回
huí

[v.] To revolve in a spiral and return to the starting point; To return, go back, or reply

#82

会
huì

[v.] To bring people or things together in one place; To know how to do something

#83

火车
huǒ chē

[n.] train

#84

鸡蛋
jī dàn

[n.] egg; hen's egg

#85

几
jǐ

[pron., num.] A low table (几) holding only a small countable number of items; Asks "how many?" for small numbers

#86

家
jiā

[n., m.] A roofed dwelling sheltering a pig, marking a settled household and family; Home, family, household

#87

家人
jiā rén

[n.] family member(s); family

#88

见
jiàn

[v.] To perceive with the eyes as an active act of sight; To see, catch sight of, meet, or visit someone

#89

件
jiàn

[m.] One separate part of a divided ox, treated as a countable unit; A general measure word for physical items, articles of clothing, matters, and events

#90

饺子
jiǎo zi

[n.] dumpling

#91

叫
jiào

[v.] To cry out or shout loudly with the mouth; To be named

#92

姐姐
jiě jie

[n.] older sister; elder sister

#93

今年
jīn nián

[n.] this year

#94

今天
jīn tiān

[n.] today

#95

九
jiǔ

[num.] A bent elbow or hooked arm shape (the old pictograph) borrowed to stand for the numeral nine; Nine

#96

觉得
jué de

[v.] to think; to feel

#97

开
kāi

[v.] To unbolt and push apart a pair of closed gates; To open, start, turn on, drive, operate, or blossom

#98

开车
kāi chē

[v.] to drive a car

#99

看
kàn

[v.] To shade the eyes to observe from a distance; To look, watch, read, see, or visit someone

#100

看病
kàn bìng

[v.] to see a doctor; (of a doctor) to see a patient

#101

看见
kàn jiàn

[v.] to see; to catch sight of

#102

可以
kě yǐ

[v., adj.] can; may; passable; not bad

#103

课
kè

[n.] A prescribed task or official duty, especially in scholarly or administrative work; A class, lesson, course, or school subject

#104

口
kǒu

[n., m.] The facial cavity used for eating, speaking, and breathing; Any opening or entrance (doorway, cave mouth)

#105

块
kuài

[m.] A clod of earth or a lump of soil; Measure word for chunks and pieces

#106

来
lái

[v.] To come closer from another place; to arrive at the speaker's position

#107

老师
lǎo shī

[n.] teacher; instructor

#108

了
le

[part.] To finish or bring something to an end; Marks completed actions, state changes, or a playful exclamation (了/啦)

#109

冷
lěng

[adj.] Icy and freezing to the touch; low temperature

#110

里
lǐ

[n.] The inner part or lining of a garment or object; Inside, in, within

#111

两
liǎng

[num.] Two units counted together as an inseparable pair; Two, both, a couple, a few

#112

零
líng

[num.] The absence of quantity in counting; a placeholder for nothing

#113

六
liù

[num.] A simple roofed hut or ridgepole dwelling, later borrowed as a phonetic loan for the number six; The numeral six

#114

妈妈
mā ma

[n.] mother; mom

#115

吗
ma

[part.] A grammatical word placed at the end of a statement to turn it into a simple yes/no question; Also marks rhetorical questions, softens a suggestion, or gently seeks confirmation in casual speech

#116

买
mǎi

[v.] To exchange money or goods for something in return; To buy, purchase, or obtain anything

#117

卖
mài

[v.] To exchange goods or services for money; To sell out (betray), show off, or put in effort (卖力)

#118

忙
máng

[adj., v.] Busy, hurried, with no leisure time; To be occupied with

#119

猫
māo

[n.] A small domesticated feline animal kept for companionship and catching mice; A cat

#120

没关系
méi guān xi

it doesn't matter; that's all right; never mind

#121

没事
méi shì

[v.] to be free; to have nothing to do; to be fine

#122

没有
méi yǒu

[v., adv.] to not have; there is not; not (negation for past actions)

#123

妹妹
mèi mei

[n.] younger sister

#124

们
men

[suff.] A crowd of people gathered at a gate or doorway; Suffix marking plural for persons and pronouns (我们, 他们, 你们)

#125

米饭
mǐ fàn

[n.] cooked rice

#126

面包
miàn bāo

[n.] bread

#127

面条儿
miàn tiáo r

[n.] noodles

#128

明年
míng nián

[n.] next year

#129

明天
míng tiān

[n.] tomorrow

#130

名字
míng zi

[n.] name

#131

哪
nǎ

[pron.] An interrogative pronoun asking to identify a specific one among options; Used for "which," "where," or "how," often in questions and rhetorical emphasis

#132

哪个
nǎ ge

[pron.] which; which one

#133

哪里
nǎ lǐ

[pron.] where; anywhere

#134

哪儿
nǎ r

[pron.] where

#135

哪些
nǎ xiē

[pron.] which ones; who (plural)

#136

那
nà

[pron.] A distant city or state's name in ancient China; That one, the far one — a pronoun pointing to something not near

#137

那边
nà biān

[pron.] over there; that side

#138

那个
nà ge

[pron.] that; that one

#139

那里
nà lǐ

[pron.] there

#140

那儿
nà r

[pron.] there

#141

那些
nà xiē

[pron.] those

#142

男
nán

[adj.] Relating to the male sex; masculine in role or natural disposition

#143

男朋友
nán péng you

[n.] boyfriend

#144

呢
ne

[part.] A murmuring sound (as in 呢喃) repurposed as a sentence-final particle for asking questions; Marks an action in progress, echoes a topic to ask "and"

#145

能
néng

[v.] To possess the raw strength of a bear, the animal this character originally depicts; To can, be able to, or may — expressing capability, skill, or permission

#146

你
nǐ

[pron.] A second-person pronoun referring to the person being addressed; You (singular, informal)

#147

你好
nǐ hǎo

hello; hi

#148

你们
nǐ men

[pron.] you (plural)

#149

年
nián

[n., m.] A ripe grain harvest carried in from the fields; A year

#150

您
nín

[pron.] A respectful form of address formed by combining 你 (you) with 心 (heart); The standard polite/formal "you" in modern Mandarin, used for elders, superiors, and formal occasions

#151

牛奶
niú nǎi

[n.] milk; cow's milk

#152

女
nǚ

[adj.] Designating the female gender; a pictograph of a woman kneeling with hands folded

#153 女儿 nǚ ér [n.] daughter	#154 女朋友 nǚ péng you [n.] girlfriend
#155 女士 nǚ shì [n.] lady; madam; Ms.	#156 朋友 péng you [n.] friend
#157 便宜 pián yi [adj.] cheap; inexpensive	#158 漂亮 piào liang [adj.] beautiful; pretty; handsome
#159 苹果 píng guǒ [n.] apple	#160 七 qī [num.] The numeral seven, originally a crossed or cut line recording this count; Seventh
#161 起床 qǐ chuáng [v.] to get out of bed; to get up	#162 千 qiān [num.] A numeral representing ten hundreds — the number 1,000; Signifies "numerous" or "a great many"
#163 前 qián [n.] The forward-facing area or the space located ahead of something; Time before the present (ago), the past, or an earlier position in order	#164 钱 qián [n.] A spade-like metal farming tool used in ancient times; Money, cash, coins, or wealth in general
#165 请 qǐng [v.] To request politely to meet or speak with someone; To invite or treat someone	#166 请问 qǐng wèn [v.] to ask (polite form); excuse me; may I ask
#167 去 qù [v.] To leave a place, departing from one's current location; To go to a destination	#168 去年 qù nián [n.] last year
#169 热 rè [adj.] High temperature and scorching warmth from fire; Feverish, enthusiastic, popular, or trendy	#170 人 rén [n.] A side-view pictograph of a human figure standing with two legs; A person, people, the human race, or the general public
#171 认识 rèn shi [v.] to know; to recognize; to meet (someone) for the first time	#172 日 rì [m.] A single full cycle of the sun across the sky, marking one complete day; A counting unit for days
#173 三 sān [num.] The cardinal number 3, represented by three stacked horizontal strokes; Three	#174 商店 shāng diàn [n.] shop; store

#175

上
shàng

[n., v.] The upper side; to move upward from below

#176

上班
shàng bān

[v.] to go to work; to be at work

#177

上课
shàng kè

[v.] to attend class; to give a lesson

#178

上午
shàng wǔ

[n.] morning (before noon)

#179

上学
shàng xué

[v.] to go to school; to attend school

#180

少
shǎo

[adj., v.] Small in number or quantity; a tiny amount

#181

谁
shéi/shuí

[pron.] A question word asking about a person's identity; Also used to mean anyone, someone, or whoever in general statements

#182

什么
shén me

[pron.] what

#183

生病
shēng bìng

[v.] to get sick; to fall ill

#184

十
shí

[num.] The number ten; a complete decimal count of single digits

#185

时候
shí hou

[n.] time; moment; period

#186

时间
shí jiān

[n.] time; duration

#187

事
shì

[n.] Official duty, service, or occupation that one is appointed to perform; Any matter, affair, thing, event, or business to handle or deal with

#188

是
shì

[v.] To affirm or correct as right and true; To be

#189

手机
shǒu jī

[n.] mobile phone; cell phone

#190

书
shū

[n.] Written records, documents, or texts inscribed on bamboo or silk; A book, letter, script, or volume

#191

书店
shū diàn

[n.] bookstore; bookshop

#192

水
shuǐ

[n.] Clear liquid that flows from springs and falls as rain; Any juice, broth, river, water area, or (slang) cheap/fake goods

#193

水果
shuǐ guǒ

[n.] fruit

#194

睡
shuì

[v.] To close the eyes and settle into rest; To sleep, go to bed, or pass the night

#195

睡觉
shuì jiào

[v.] to sleep

#196

说
shuō

[v.] To utter words with the mouth to convey meaning; To speak, say, tell, explain, chat, or scold

#197

说话

shuō huà

[v.] to speak; to talk

#198

四

sì

[num.] Four—the number between three and five; Also "fourth," "all four directions," or "everywhere" in compounds like 四处

#199

岁

suì

[m.] The astronomical cycle measuring a year by Jupiter's movement across the sky; A measure word for a person's age in years

#200

他

tā

[pron.] Another person, someone other than the speaker or listener; He, him—the standard masculine third-person pronoun for any male

#201

它

tā

[pron.] An ancient pictograph of a snake, a coiled venomous creature once feared as a pest; A neutral modern pronoun for animals, objects, and concepts: "it"

#202

她

tā

[pron.] The written third-person feminine pronoun "she/her," distinct from male 他; The everyday pronoun for any female person, plus a poetic "she" for ships, nations, or nature

#203

他们

tā men

[pron.] they; them (masculine or mixed gender)

#204

它们

tā men

[pron.] they; them (for things and animals)

#205

她们

tā men

[pron.] they; them (referring to females)

#206

太

tài

[adv.] The absolute pinnacle or utmost degree; greatness beyond "big" (大)

#207

天

tiān

[n., m.] The vast space overhead; the sky and heavens above

#208

天气

tiān qì

[n.] weather

#209

听

tīng

[v.] To receive sound through the ear and perceive it; To listen, attend, obey, heed, or hear about something

#210

听见

tīng jiàn

[v.] to hear

#211

同学

tóng xué

[n.] classmate; fellow student

#212

外

wài

[n.] The area beyond an enclosure or boundary; Outer side

#213

外边

wài bian

[n.] outside; outdoors

#214

玩

wán

[v.] To amuse oneself by fondling a piece of jade (玉, written 王); To play games, have fun, relax, or lightly toy with something

#215

晚

wǎn

[adj.] Late in the day, after the sun has moved past its peak; Late, delayed, or of the evening

#216

晚饭

wǎn fàn

[n.] dinner; supper

#217

晚上

wǎn shàng

[n.] evening; night

#218

喂

wèi

[interj.] A shouted call used to summon or catch someone's attention; The universal phone greeting "hello!" and the casual "hey!" to get someone's notice

#219 问 wèn [v.] To ask a question by calling out from the mouth at the gate; To inquire, question, or interrogate	#220 问题 wèn tí [n.] question; problem; issue
#221 我 wǒ [pron.] A single self-referencing pronoun for the speaker; Used as "I/me" in all modern contexts	#222 我们 wǒ men [pron.] we; us
#223 五 wǔ [num.] A counting symbol for the number five, drawn as a cross between two tally bars; The fifth	#224 午饭 wǔ fàn [n.] lunch; midday meal
#225 喜欢 xǐ huan [v.] to like; to be fond of	#226 下 xià [n., v., m.] The lower position; to descend from a higher point
#227 下雨 xià yǔ to rain	#228 下班 xià bān [v.] to get off work; to leave work
#229 下课 xià kè [v.] to finish class; class is over	#230 下午 xià wǔ [n.] afternoon; p.m.
#231 先生 xiān shēng [n.] Mr.; husband; gentleman	#232 现在 xiàn zài [n.] now; at present; currently
#233 想 xiǎng [v.] To ponder deeply or reflect with the heart-mind; To think, intend, want, or miss someone dearly	#234 小 xiǎo [adj., pref.] Tiny grains of sand or minute specks — the smallest scale of physical matter; Small in size, degree, or age
#235 小朋友 xiǎo péng yǒu [n.] child; kid	#236 小时 xiǎo shí [n.] hour
#237 小学 xiǎo xué [n.] elementary school; primary school	#238 小学生 xiǎo xué shēng [n.] elementary school student; primary school student
#239 些 xiē [m.] A small, indefinite amount or portion; Some, a few, a little	#240 写 xiě [v.] To transfer or move something from one place to another; To write, compose, describe, or draw

#241 谢谢 xiè xiè [v.] to thank; thanks	#242 新 xīn [adj.] Freshly cut timber split apart by an axe (斤); New, fresh, modern, recent
#243 星期 xīng qī [n.] week	#244 星期日 xīng qī rì [n.] Sunday
#245 星期天 xīng qī tiān [n.] Sunday	#246 休息 xiū xi [v.] to rest; to take a break
#247 学 xué [v.] To gain knowledge or skills by being taught and then practicing; To study, learn, imitate, or master something new	#248 学生 xué shēng [n.] student; pupil
#249 学习 xué xí [v.] to study; to learn	#250 学校 xué xiào [n.] school
#251 雪 xuě [n.] Snow frozen into white crystalline flakes falling from clouds; Anything snow-white	#252 要 yào [v.] To demand or claim something firmly, originally by grasping a person's waist (the later 腰); To want, ask for, or need
#253 也 yě [adv.] Also; too — the core adverb for adding one thing to another equally	#254 一 yī [num.] The number one, the smallest whole unit of counting; One, single, whole, first, each, or a brief instant
#255 衣服 yī fu [n.] clothes; clothing	#256 医生 yī shēng [n.] doctor; physician
#257 医院 yī yuàn [n.] hospital	#258 一半 yí bàn [num.] half
#259 一下 yí xià [数量] a bit; briefly; once	#260 椅子 yǐ zi [n.] chair
#261 一点儿 yí diǎn r [数量] a little; a bit	#262 一些 yì xiē [数量] some; a few

#263

有
yǒu

[v.] To hold something in the hand—originally a piece of meat (肉) showing possession; To have, own, or exist

#264

有的
yǒu de

[pron.] some; certain ones

#265

有点儿
yǒu diǎn r

[adv.] a bit; somewhat; slightly

#266

有些
yǒu xiē

[pron.] some; certain

#267

雨
yǔ

[n.] Water descending in drops from storm clouds; Rain, shower, rainfall

#268

元
yuán

[m.] The head, the topmost part of a human body; A monetary unit (yuan)

#269

月
yuè

[n.] The natural satellite of Earth visible in the night sky; A month or lunar calendar unit

#270

再
zài

[adv.] Doing something for a second time; a repeated action or occurrence

#271

在
zài

[v., prep., adv.] To exist or be located at a specific place; To be at/in/on (position)

#272

再见
zài jiàn

[v.] to say goodbye; to see again

#273

早
zǎo

[adj.] The sun just emerging over the horizon at daybreak; Being early, ahead of time

#274

早饭
zǎo fàn

[n.] breakfast

#275

早上
zǎo shang

[n.] morning; early morning

#276

怎么
zěn me

[pron.] how; why

#277

怎么样
zěn me yàng

[pron.] how; how about; what about

#278

找
zhǎo

[v.] To search for something by holding a spear and sweeping an area; To look for, seek, or hunt for anything

#279

这
zhè

[pron.] A proximal demonstrative pronoun pointing to the nearest person, object, or matter at hand; This, these, here, this one — the everyday pointer for anything current, nearby, or just mentioned

#280

这边
zhè biān

[pron.] this side; here; over here

#281

这个
zhè ge

[pron.] this one; this

#282

这里
zhè lǐ

[pron.] here

#283

这儿
zhè r

[pron.] here

#284

这些
zhè xiē

[pron.] these

#285

真
zhēn

[adv.] The original glyph depicts an immortal ascending to heaven, untouched by falsehood; Really, truly, indeed—emphasizing that something is exactly as stated

#286

正在
zhèng zài

[adv.] in the process of; currently doing

#287

只
zhǐ

[m.] Measure word for a single bird or one of a pair; Counts animals, birds, and one of paired items like shoes or hands

#288

知道
zhī dào

[v.] to know; to be aware of; to realize

#289

中国
Zhōng guó

[n.] China

#290

中文
Zhōng wén

[n.] Chinese language; Chinese (language)

#291

中午
zhōng wǔ

[n.] noon; midday

#292

中学
zhōng xué

[n.] middle school; high school

#293

中学生
zhōng xué shēng

[n.] middle school student; secondary school student

#294

住
zhù

[v.] To halt movement and remain in a place; To live, stay, or reside

#295

桌子
zhuō zi

[n.] table; desk

#296

字
zì

[n.] A written symbol that comes into being, like a child (子) raised beneath a roof (宀); A character, word, or letter

#297

昨天
zuó tiān

[n.] yesterday

#298

坐
zuò

[v.] To rest one's weight on the ground, depicted by two people kneeling on the earth; To sit

#299

做
zuò

[v.] To perform concrete manual labor or craft — shaping raw materials into objects; To do, make, produce, cook, work as, or simply act: the all-purpose verb for human activity

#300

做饭
zuò fàn

to cook; to prepare a meal